Calendar Rules of the Creation Calendar

יהושע Messiah says to keep His commandments if you love Him which includes observing *His* New Moons, Appointed Times and Festivals. All other calendrical information on the Creation Calendar is presented for its historical value.

Israel's Major Festivals

Sabbath [Sha-bat] - Day 7 of every Week - Exodus 20:8, Leviticus 23:3

Rosh Chodesh [New Moon] – First Visible Crescent from Jerusalem – Numbers 10:10, 28:11, Psalm 81:3

Pesach [Passover] – Day 14 of Month 1 Exodus 12:3-14, Exodus 23:14-17, Leviticus 23:5, Numbers 28:16, Deuteronomy 16:1-2

Hag HaMatzah [Feast of Unleavened Bread] – Days 15-21 of Month 1 Exodus 12:15-20, Exodus 23:14-17, Leviticus 23:6-14, Numbers 28:17-25, Deuteronomy 16:3-8

Shavuot [Pentecost] – Day 5, 6 or 7 of Month 3 – 50 Days from Resheet Firstfruits on Day 16 of Month 1 Leviticus 23:15-21, Numbers 28:26, Deuteronomy 16:9-10

Yom Teruah [Day of Trumpets] – Day 1 of Month 7 Leviticus 23:24-25, Numbers 29:1

Yom Kippur [Day of Atonement] – Day 10 of Month 7 Leviticus 23:27-32, Numbers 29:7

Sukkot [**Tabernacles**] – **Days 15-21 of Month 7** Exodus 23:14-17, Leviticus 23:34-36A, Leviticus 23:39A & 40-43, Numbers 29:12, Deuteronomy 16:13-16

Shemini Atzeret [Eighth Day Assembly] – Day 22 of Month 7 Leviticus 23:36B & 39B, Numbers 29:35

Israel's New Years

Spiritual New Year – Rosh Chodeshim [Head of Months] – Rosh Hashanah [Head of Year] – Day 1 of Month 1 Exodus 12:2

Creation New Year – The seven millennia are reckoned from the Day of Salvation from Day One of creation Genesis 1:5, Psalm 90:4, 2 Peter 3:8

New Year for Tithing Animals – Day 1 of Month 6 Rosh Hashanah 7B

Civil New Year – Yom Teruah [Day of Trumpets] – Rosh Hashanah [Head of Year] – Day 1 of Month 7 Leviticus 23:24, Numbers 29:1

Jubilee Civil New Year – Rosh Hashanah [Head of Year] – Yom Kippur [Day of Atonement] – Day 10 of Month 7 Leviticus 25:8-9, Ezekiel 40:1

New Year for Trees – Day 15 of Month 11 Rosh Hashanah 14 A & B

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Israel's Minor Festivals

Aliyah of Messiah – The Day Witnesses Saw the Messiah Ascending into the Clouds – Omer Day 41 Mark 16:19-20, Luke 24-50-53, Acts 1:1-14 *Begins in 34 C.E.*

Always occurs on Day 41 of the 50 Day Omer Count – No rules of postponement

Pesach Sheni [Second Passover] – Day 14 of Month 2 Numbers 9:6-14, 2 Chronicles 30:1-27 *Begins in 1436 B.C.E.*

Tu B'Av [15th of Av] – The Day Unbelieving Israelites Cease Dying in the Wilderness – Day 15 of Month 5 Ta'anit 30B

Begins in 1398 B.C.E.

Always occurs on Day 15 of Month 5 – No rules of postponement

Death of the Tyrant Alexander Jannaeus (103-76) – Day 7 of Month 9 Matthew 2:19, Megillat Ta'anit *Begins in 76 B.C.E.*

Always occurs on Day 7 of Month 9 – No rules of postponement

Hanukkah [Feast of Dedication] – Begins on Day 25 of Month 9 and lasts 8 days until Day 2 or Day 3 of Month 10 John 10:22, 1 Maccabees 4:52, 2 Maccabees 10:5-8 *Begins in 165 B.C.E.*

Always begins on Day 25 of Month 9 – No rules of postponement

Festival of the Septuagint: The Greek Translation of the Hebrew Scriptures are Completed – Day 8 of Month 10 Megillat Ta'anit – **Ptolemy II Philadelphus's (285-246)** commissioning of the Hebrew Scriptures into Koine **Greek** has caused some to fast in the past. However, as the Septuagint has served the greater purposes of Elohim in the past, and as it has proven to be somewhat useful for studying Scripture in modern times, it is a festival on the **Creation Calendar**. *Begins in 247 B.C.E.*

Death of the Tyrant Herod the Great (37-1) – Day 2 of Month 11 Megillat Ta'anit *Begins in 1 B.C.E.*

Always occurs on Day 2 of Month 11 – No rules of postponement

Tu B'Shvat [15th of Shevat] – New Year for Trees – Day 15 of Month 11 Rosh Hashanah 14A & B *Begins in c.1500 C.E.*

• Always occurs on Day 15 of Month 11 – No rules of postponement

Purim [Lots] – Day 14 and Day 15 of Month 12 or Day 14 and Day 15 of Month 13 in a Leap Year Book of Esther Begins in 473 B.C.E.

When Day 14 of Month 12 falls on Yom Shi-shi (Friday) it is called "Purim HaMeshulash" Day 15 of Month 12 is called "Purim" and Day 16 of Month 12 is called "Shushan Purim."

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The Modern State of Israel's National Holidays

Yom HaShoah – Holocaust Remembrance Day – Day 27 of Month 1 Begins in 1959 C.E.

- 1. If Day 27 of Month 1 falls on **Yom Shi-shi** (Friday), then **Yom HaShoah** begins on **Yom Ham-i-shi** (Thursday) on Day 26 of Month 1.
- 2. If Day 27 of Month 1 falls on **Yom Ri-shon** (Sunday), then **Yom HaShoah** begins on **Yom She-ni** (Monday) on Day 28 of Month 1.
- 3. If Day 27 of Month falls on a **Sabbath** (Saturday), then **Yom HaShoah** begins on **Yom Ham-i-shi** (Thursday) on Day 25 of Month 1.

Yom Hazikaron – Memorial Day – Day 3 of Month 3 *Begins in 1951 C.E.*

Yom Ha-Atzma'ut – Independence Day – Day 4 of Month 3 *Begins in 1948 C.E.*

- 1. If Day 3 of Month 3 falls on **Yom Ri-shon** (Sunday), then **Yom Hazikaron** begins on **Yom She-ni** (Monday) on Day 4 of Month 3, and **Yom Ha-Atzma'ut** begins on **Yom Shli-shi** (Tuesday) on Day 5 of Month 3.
- 2. If Day 3 of Month 3 falls between **Yom She-ni** (Monday) and **Yom Ham-i-shi** (Thursday), then **Yom Hazikaron** and **Yom Ha-Atzma'ut** are kept on the set dates.
- 3. If Day 3 of Month 3 falls on **Yom Shi-shi** (Friday), then **Yom Hazikaron** begins on **Yom Ham-i-shi** (Thursday) on Day 2 of Month 3, and **Yom Ha-Atzma'ut** begins on **Yom Shi-shi** (Friday) on Day 3 of Month 3.
- 4. If Day 3 of Month 3 falls on a **Sabbath** (Saturday), then **Yom Hazikaron** begins on **Yom Ham-i-shi** (Thursday) on Day 1 of Month 3, and **Yom Ha-Atzma'ut** begins on **Yom Ri-shon** (Sunday) on Day 4 of Month 3.
- If Shavuot / Pentecost falls on Day 5 of Month 3 on Yom Shli-shi (Tuesday), then the set dates are observed: Yom Hazikaron begins on Yom Ri-shon (Sunday) on Day 3 of Month 3 and Yom Ha-Atzma'ut begins on Yom She-ni (Monday) on Day 4 of Month 3.

Yom Yerushalayim – Jerusalem Day – Day 28 of Month 3 Begins in 1967 C.E.

 If Day 28 of Month 3 falls on a Sabbath (Saturday), then Yom Yerushalayim begins on Yom Ri-shon (Sunday) on Day 29 of Month 3.

Sigd Festival – Ethiopian Festival of Accepting the Torah – Day 29 of Month 8 or Day 1 of Month 9 *Begins in 2008 C.E.*

• The Sigd Festival always begins 50 Days before Yom Kippur on Day 10 of Month 7.



Israel's Minor Fasts

Fast of Nadab and Abihu – Day 10 of Month 1 Leviticus 10:1-2 *Begins in 1436 B.C.E.*

 Move one day earlier to Yom Ham-i-shi (Thursday) if it falls on a Yom Shi-shi (Friday). Move one day earlier to Yom Shi-shi (Friday) if it falls on a Sabbath (Saturday). [Proposed Calendar Rule]

Fast of Ezra: For a Safe Aliyah – Day 11 of Month 1 Ezra 8:21-31 *Begins in 458 B.C.E.*

• Move one day earlier to **Yom Shi-shi** (Friday) if it falls on a **Sabbath** (Saturday). [Proposed Calendar Rule]

Fast of the Firstborn: Exodus Passover – Day 13 of Month 1 Exodus 12:3-14 *Begins in 1437 B.C.E.*

• Move one day earlier to **Yom Shi-shi** (Friday) if it falls on a **Sabbath** (Saturday). [Proposed Calendar Rule]

Original Fast of Esther that Esther kept occurred on Days 13, 14, 15 of Month 1 – Commemorated in Month 12 Esther 4:16, Esther Rabbah 8:6 *Begins in 474 B.C.E.*

Fast of Samuel – Day 28 of Month 2 Megillat Ta'anit *Begins in 1002 B.C.E.*

Move one day earlier to Yom Shi-shi (Friday) if it falls on a Sabbath (Saturday) in years prior to 34 C.E. For all years after 33 C.E. where Month 1 has 30 days, move one day earlier to Yom Shi-shi (Friday) if it falls on a Sabbath (Saturday). For all years after 33 C.E. where Month 1 has 29 days and Day 28 of Month 2 falls on Sabbath (Saturday), move two days earlier to Yom Ham-i-shi (Thursday). [Proposed Calendar Rule]

Fast of Jeroboam: When Jeroboam (922-901) Led Israel into Idolatry by Ordaining a Festival – Day 23 of Month 3 1 Kings 12:32-33, Antiquities 14 / 66 – "the day of the fast" is Day 23 / Month 3, Josephus, William Whiston, p. 370. *Begins on the summer solstice in 917 B.C.E.*

• Move one day earlier to Yom Shi-shi (Friday) if it falls on a Sabbath (Saturday). [Proposed Calendar Rule]

Fast of Month 4: The Sin of Worshipping the Golden Calf – Day 17 of Month 4 Exodus 32:1-5, Zechariah 8:19, Ta'anit 28B *Begins in 1437 B.C.E.*

• Move one day later to Yom Ri-shon (Sunday) if it falls on a Sabbath (Saturday). [Established Statutory Fast Rule]

Tisha B'Av – Fast of Month 5: The Sin of Believing the Bad Report of the 10 Spies – Day 9 of Month 5 Numbers 13:25-14:12, Zechariah 7:3-5, 8:19, Ta'anit 26B

Job born 1754 B.C.E. – The 10 Spies 1436 B.C.E. – First Temple Burns 593 B.C.E. – Second Temple Burns 70 C.E.

• Move one day later to Yom Ri-shon (Sunday) if it falls on a Sabbath (Saturday). [Established Statutory Fast Rule]

Fast of Gedaliah – Fast of Month 7: When the Judean Prince Gedaliah was Assassinated – Day 3 of Month 7 2 Kings 25:22-25, Jeremiah 41:1-5, Zechariah 7:5, 8:19, Matthew 2:16-18, Rosh Hashanah 18B *Begins in 593 B.C.E.*

• Move one day later to Yom Ri-shon (Sunday) if it falls on a Sabbath (Saturday). [Established Statutory Fast Rule]



Fast of Israel's Separation: Foreign Wives of Israelite Men Separate from Israel – Day 24 of Month 7 Nehemiah 9:1

Begins in 444 B.C.E.

• Move one day later to Yom Ri-shon (Sunday) if it falls on a Sabbath (Saturday). [Proposed Calendar Rule]

Fast of Zedekiah: The day Zedekiah's (605-594) sons were slaughtered before his eyes – Day 6 of Month 8 Megillat Ta'anit

- Begins in 593 B.C.E.
- Move one day earlier to **Yom Shi-shi** (Friday) if it falls on a **Sabbath** (Saturday). [Proposed Calendar Rule]

Fast of Month 9: Jehoiakim (616-605) Burns Jeremiah's Scroll – Day 8 of Month 9 Jeremiah 36:5-26, Megillat Ta'anit *Begins in 611 B.C.E.*

• Move one day later to Yom Ri-shon (Sunday) if it falls on a Sabbath (Saturday). [Proposed Calendar Rule]

Unknown Fast: Ezra Dies – Day 9 of Month 10

Megillat Ta'anit, Bahag, Kol Bo, Selichot 10 Tevet, Ezkerah Mazok *Begins in c.444 B.C.E.*

Move one day earlier to Yom Shi-shi (Friday) if it falls on a Sabbath (Saturday) from 444-246 B.C.E. Move two days earlier to Yom Ham-i-shi (Thursday) if it falls on a Sabbath (Saturday) after 246 B.C.E. [Proposed Calendar Rule]

Fast of Month 10: Nebuchadnezzar II (612-569) Begins a 2 Year Siege of Jerusalem – Day 10 of Month 10 Jeremiah 52:4, Zechariah 8:19

Begins in 595 B.C.E.

Although this fast is considered a minor fast, it has an additional stringency not shared by any other fast except Yom Kippur, namely that if the Fast of Month 10 were to fall out on a Sabbath it would actually be observed on Sabbath. This is because of the phrase מצע בויה הזה בצע בויה הזה בצע בויה הזה לילד describing Yom Kippur in Leviticus 23:28. However as this fast is not commanded in the Torah it is proposed to move the Fast of Month 10 one day later to Yom Ri-shon (Sunday) if it falls on a Sabbath (Saturday). [Proposed Calendar Rule]

Commemorative Fast of Esther – Day 13 of Month 12 or 13 Megillah 2A

Begins in 473 B.C.E.

 Move two days earlier to Yom Ham-i-shi (Thursday) if it falls on a Sabbath (Saturday). [Established Statutory Fast Rule]

The Priestly Courses

The 24 Priestly Courses ran on a continuous 168 day cycle from the time that Solomon (962-923) initiated them on the weekly Sabbath on Yom Teruah on New Moon 7 in 951 B.C.E. and Course 1 – Jehoiarib began on that day. The Creation Calendar indicates that Course 1 – Jehoiarib was on duty when the First Temple burned on Day 10 / Month 5 in 593 B.C.E. [Arachin 11B]. Zachariah was on duty when Course 8 – Abijah began on Day 21 / Month 3 in 4 B.C.E. and he encountered the angel Gabriel during this course [Luke 1:5]. John the Immerser was commissioned as a priest when Course 8 – Abijah began on Day 25 / Month 1 in 28 C.E. [Luke 1:80]. He prophesied of Day 17 / Month 4 in the Second Temple in 70 C.E. [Wars 6 / 93-94 & Arachin 11B]. Course 4 – Seorim should have been on duty that day.

- Begins in 951 B.C.E. The 24 Priestly Courses begin with Course 1 Jehoiarib on Day 1 / Month 7 in 951 B.C.E.
- Ends in 70 C.E. The 24 Priestly Courses end with Course 4 Seorim on Day 17 / Month 4 in 70 C.E.



Rules of the Parashah Cycle

- 1. Parashah #1 Bereshit occurs on the first weekly Sabbath after Day 22 of Month 7.
- 2. There is no Parashah on **Pesach** on Day 14 of Month 1.
- 3. There is no Parashah on the High Sabbath of Unleavened Bread on the Day 15 of Month 1.
- 4. There is no Parashah on the **High Sabbath** of **Unleavened Bread** on Day 21 of Month 1.
- 5. There is no Parashah on the **High Sabbath** of **Shavuot** on Day 5, 6, or 7 of Month 3.
- 6. There is no Parashah on the **High Sabbath** of **Yom Teruah** on Day 1 of Month 7.
- 7. There is no Parashah on the High Sabbath of Yom Kippur on Day 10 of Month 7.
- 8. There is no Parashah on the High Sabbath of Sukkot on Day 15 of Month 7.
- 9. There is no Parashah on the High Sabbath of Shemini Atzeret on Day 22 of Month 7.
- 10. There is no Parashah on the weekly **Sabbath** of **Unleavened Bread**.
- 11. There is no Parashah on the weekly Sabbath of Sukkot.
- 12. All 54 Parashahs must be read between the first weekly **Sabbath** after Day 22 of Month 7 and Day 21 of Month 7 in the following year.
- 13. All Parashahs occur on a weekly **Sabbath** except for Parashah #54 Ve-Zot Ha-Berakhah which occurs on Day 21 of Month 7 whether it is on a weekly **Sabbath** or not.
- 14. There are seven Parashahs which may be doubled up on a weekly Sabbath and these seven double Parashahs are:

#22 Va-Yakhel	#29 Aharei Mot	#39 Hukkat	#51 Nitzavim
#23 Pekudei	#30 Kedoshim	#40 Balak	#52 Va-Yelech
#27 Tazri'a	#32 Be Har	#42 Mattot	
#28 Mezora	#33 Be-Hukkotai	#43 Massei	

- 15. If there are 54 open **Sabbaths** between the first **Sabbath** after Day 22 / Month 7 and Day 21 / Month 7 in the following year then there are no double Parashahs.
- 16. If there are 53 open Sabbaths between the first Sabbath after Day 22 / Month 7 and Day 21 / Month 7 in the following year then #22 / #23 is a double Parashah.
- 17. If there are 52 open **Sabbaths** between the first **Sabbath** after Day 22 / Month 7 and Day 21 / Month 7 in the following year then #22 / #23 and #27 / #28 are double Parashahs.
- If there are 51 open Sabbaths between the first Sabbath after Day 22 of Month 7 and Day 21 of Month 7 in the following year then #22 / #23, #27 / #28 and #29 / #30 are double Parashahs.
- 19. If there are 50 open **Sabbaths** between the first **Sabbath** after Day 22 of Month 7 and Day 21 of Month in the following year then #22 / #23, #27 / #28, #29 / #30 and #32 / #33 are double Parashahs.
- 20. If there are 49 open **Sabbaths** between the first **Sabbath** after Day 22 of Month 7 and Day 21 of Month in the following year then #22 / #23, #27 / #28, #29 / #30, #32 / #33, and #39 / #40 are double Parashahs.
- 21. If there are 48 open Sabbaths between the first Sabbath after Day 22 of Month 7 and Day 21 of Month in the following year then #22 / #23, #27 / #28, #29 / #30, #32 / #33, #39 / #40 and #42 / #43 are double Parashahs.
- 22. If there are 47 open **Sabbaths** between the first **Sabbath** after Day 22 of Month 7 and Day 21 of Month in the following year then #22 / #23, #27 / #28, #29 / #30, #32 / #33, #39 / #40 #42 / #43 and #51 / #52 are double Parashahs.



- 1. If there are 54 open **Sabbaths** between the first **Sabbath** after Day 22 of Month 7 and Day 21 of Month 7 in the following year then there are no double Parashahs. (**2011 C.E.**)
- 2. If there are 53 open Sabbaths between the first Sabbath after Day 22 of Month 7 and Day 21 of Month 7 in the following year then #22 / #23 is a double Parashah. (2013 C.E.)
- 3. If there are 52 open Sabbaths between the first Sabbath after Day 22 of Month 7 and Day 21 of Month 7 in the following year then #22 / #23 and #27 / #28 are double Parashahs. (1992 C.E.)
- 4. If there are 51 open **Sabbaths** between the first **Sabbath** after Day 22 of Month 7 and Day 21 of Month 7 in the following year then #22 / #23, #27 / #28 and #29 / #30 are double Parashahs. (1850 C.E.)
- 5. If there are 50 open Sabbaths between the first Sabbath after Day 22 of Month 7 and Day 21 of Month 7 in the following year then #22 / #23, #27 / #28, #29 / #30 and #32 / #33 are double Parashahs. (2012 C.E.)
- 6. If there are 49 open Sabbaths between the first Sabbath after Day 22 of Month 7 and Day 21 of Month 7 in the following year then #22 / #23, #27 / #28, #29 / #30, #32 / #33 and #39 / #40 are double Parashahs. (2010 C.E.)
- If there are 48 open Sabbaths between the first Sabbath after Day 22 of Month 7 and Day 21 of Month 7 in the following year then #22 / #23, #27 / #28, #29 / #30, #32 / #33, #39 / #40 and #42 / #43 are double Parashahs. (2009 C.E.)
- If there are 47 open Sabbaths between the first Sabbath after Day 22 of Month 7 and Day 21 of Month 7 in the following year then #22 / #23, #27 / #28, #29 / #30, #32 / #33, #39 / #40, #42 / #43 and #51 / #52 are double Parashahs. (1944 C.E.)

There are Eight different Cycle Lengths in the Parashah Cycle

Parashah Cycle Length	Number of Years Having this Length	Number of Double Parashahs
47 Sabbaths	111	7
48 Sabbaths	1230	6
49 Sabbaths	1882	5
50 Sabbaths	1200	4
51 Sabbaths	48	3
52 Sabbaths	386	2
53 Sabbaths	1352	1
54 Sabbaths	792	0
	7001 Years	



Israel's Special Sabbaths

10 Special Sabbaths Associated with Fasts and Festivals

Shabbat Shuvah – The Sabbath before Yom Kippur
Shabbat Shekalim – The Sabbath on or before the New Moon beginning the last month (1st of 4 special Sabbaths)
Shabbat Zakhor – The Sabbath before Purim (2nd of 4 special Sabbaths)
Shabbat Ha-Chodesh (3rd of 4 special Sabbaths)
Shabbat Ha-Gadol – The Sabbath before Pesach on Day 14 of Month 1
Shabbat Chazon – The Sabbath before Tisha B'Av – Fast of Month 5 on Day 9 of Month 5
Shabbat Nachamu – The Sabbath following Tisha B'Av – Fast of Month 5 on Day 9 of Month 5
Shabbat Shirah – The Sabbath when Parashah #16 Be-Shallah is read
Shabbat Hanukkah 1 – The Sabbath during Hanukkah [Feast of Dedication]
Shabbat Hanukkah 2 – The second Sabbath of Hanukkah when there are two Sabbaths in Hanukkah

4 Special Sabbaths Related to the Rosh Chodesh

Shabbat Ha-Chodesh – The Sabbath on or before New Moon 1 on Day 1 of Month 1 (4th of 4 special Sabbaths)

Shabbat Rosh Chodesh – When the Rosh Chodesh is on a Sabbath

Machar Chodesh - The Sabbath before Rosh Chodesh when Rosh Chodesh is on the first day of the week

Shabbat Mevarekhin – The **Sabbath** before **Rosh Chodesh** when the **Rosh Chodesh** lands on the second, third, fourth, fifth, or sixth day of the week. It is not observed in the sixth month as the entire sixth month is set aside in preparation for the **Rosh Chodesh** of the seventh month which is **Yom Teruah**.



Israel's Special Readings

- Passover Occurs on Day 14 of Month 1 without exception
- Passover Day 1 Occurs on Day 15 of Month 1 without exception
- Passover Day 2 Occurs on Resheet Firstfruits on Day 16 of Month 1 without exception
- Passover Day 3 Occurs on the day following Day 2 unless Day 3 is on Sabbath
- Passover Day 4 Occurs on the day following Day 3 unless Day 4 is on Sabbath
- Passover Day 5 Occurs on the day following Day 4 unless Day 5 is on Sabbath
- Passover Day 6 Occurs on the day following Day 5 unless Day 6 is on Sabbath
- Passover Day 7 Occurs on Day 21 of Month 1 without exception
- Passover Sabbath Occurs on the weekly Sabbath of Passover unless it lands on Day 1, Day 2, or Day 7
- Passover She-ni Occurs on Day 14 of Month 2 without exception
- Shavuot Occurs 50 days after Day 16 of Month 1 without exception
- Shavuot Sabbath Occurs 50 days after Day 16 of Month 1 when Day 16 of Month 1 falls on the weekly Sabbath
- Yom Teruah Occurs on Day 1 of Month 7 without exception
- Yom Kippur Occurs on Day 10 of Month 7 without exception
- Eve of Sukkot Occurs on Day 14 of Month 7 without exception
- Sukkot Day 1 Occurs on Day 15 of Month 7 without exception
- Sukkot Day 2 Occurs on the day following Day 1 unless Day 2 is on Sabbath
- Sukkot Day 3 Occurs on the day following Day 2 unless Day 3 is on Sabbath
- Sukkot Day 4 Occurs on the day following Day 3 unless Day 4 is on Sabbath
- Sukkot Day 5 Occurs on the day following Day 4 unless Day 5 is on Sabbath
- Sukkot Day 6 Occurs on the day following Day 5 unless Day 6 is on Sabbath
- Sukkot Day 7 Occurs on Day 21 of Month 7 without exception
- Sukkot Sabbath Occurs on the weekly Sabbath of Sukkot unless it lands on Day 1 or Day 7
- Shemini Atzeret Occurs on Day 22 of Month 7 without exception
- Simchat Torah Occurs on Day 23 of Month 7 without exception



The Current Rules for Daylight Savings Time in Israel

On July 8, 2013, the Israeli Knesset approved the bill to extend IDT. According to the bill, IDT will begin on the Friday before the last Sunday of March, and end on the last Sunday of October.

Earliest beginning: March 23 Latest beginning: March 29

Time goes *forward* one hour at 02:00

Earliest ending: October 25 Latest ending: October 31

Time goes back one hour at 02:00 [01:00 on website]

02:00, March 29, 2024 C.E. 02:00, March 28, 2025 C.E. 02:00, March 27, 2026 C.E. 02:00, March 26, 2027 C.E. 02:00, March 24, 2028 C.E. 02:00, March 23, 2029 C.E. 02:00, October 27, 2024 C.E. 02:00, October 26, 2025 C.E. 02:00, October 25, 2026 C.E. 02:00, October 31, 2027 C.E. 02:00, October 29, 2028 C.E. 02:00, October 28, 2029 C.E.

